ATLASTREND BIG DATA BIG FUND

ARSN 607 700 167

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Directors' Report

The directors of Fundhost Limited, the Responsible Entity of the AtlasTrend Big Data Big Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial report of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2024 and the auditor's report thereon.

Responsible Entity

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is: Suite 15.01, Level 15 10 Spring Street Sydney NSW 2000

Directors

The names of the directors of the Responsible Entity in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Valerie Anne Monge Drew Wilson Robert H Nagel Paul Ernest Dortkamp

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the operations of the Fund are disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income of this financial report.

	Year end	Year ended 30 June		
	2024	2023		
	\$	\$		
Net profit	914,335	509,639		
Distributions to unitholders	1,818,891	12,533		
Distributions payable	1,818,891	12,533		

This is the final financial statements for the Fund, which has terminated.

Significant changes in state of affairs

The Responsible Entity of the Atlastrend Big Data Big Fund made the decision to terminate the Fund on 19 June 2024. The effective date of termination is 17 July 2024. All unitholders' units were cancelled and amounts due to unitholders will be returned in late July 2024. This is in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund during the financial year was the investment and management of securities in accordance with its investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the financial year (2023: nil).

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the financial year (2023: nil).

Events subsequent to the balance date

The Responsible Entity of the Atlastrend Big Data Big Fund made the decision to terminate the Fund on 17 July 2024. redemptions will be paid out late July 2024. This report represents the final audited wind-up financial report to unitholders, therefore no matters after 17 July 2024 will impact the Fund.

Likely developments

Due to the Fund being terminated, there are no likely developments which impact the expected results after 17 July 2024.

Directors' Report (cont'd)

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year and the number of units in the Fund as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 3 of the financial report.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 1 of the financial report.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 9(a) of the financial report.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity as at the end of the year are disclosed in Note 9(c) of the financial report.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year (2023: nil).

Environmental regulation

The Fund's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Options

No options over issued units or interests in the Fund were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options granted to the Responsible Entity.

Indemnities and insurance premiums for officers or auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid by the Fund, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Fund.

To the extent permitted by law, the Responsible Entity has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the end of the financial year.

Proceedings on behalf of the Fund

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Fund or intervene in any proceedings to which the Fund is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Fund for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Fund was not a party to any such proceedings during the financial year.

Rounding

The Fund is an entity to which ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument class order 2016/191 applies. Accordingly, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 3.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Drew Wilson

Director

Dated this 18th day of September 2024

Drew (1 1)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Investment income		Ψ	Ψ
Dividend income		29,561	31,744
Interest income from financial assets at fair value		13,037	19,223
Net gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		940,202	495,039
Net (losses) / gains from foreign exchange movements		(40)	202
Total net investment income	_	982,760	546,208
Expenses			
Management fees	2	33,138	30,071
Transaction fees		3,751	-
Withholding tax expense		3,458	3,462
Other expenses		28,078	3,036
Total expenses	_ _	68,425	36,569
Net profit	_	914,335	509,639
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		914,335	509,639

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets	Notes	Ψ	Ψ
Cash and cash equivalents	8(a)	3,787,497	353,156
Receivables	5	2,523	3,728
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	-	2,682,260
Total assets	- -	3,790,020	3,039,144
Liabilities			
Payables	6	30,084	7,504
Distribution payable	4	1,818,891	12,533
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	1,848,975	20,037
Net assets	-	1,941,045	3,019,107
Total equity	_	1,941,045	3,019,107

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
Opening balance at 1 July		3,019,107	3,103,511
Comprehensive income for the year			
Net profit		914,335	509,639
Other comprehensive income			_
Total comprehensive income for the year		914,335	509,639
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications		296,649	154,565
Redemptions		(480,921)	(739,633)
Distributions to unitholders	4	(1,818,891)	(12,533)
Distributions reinvested		10,766	3,558
		(1,992,397)	(594,043)
Closing balance at 30 June	3	1,941,045	3,019,107

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

		2024	2023
	Notes	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Dividends and distributions received		26,079	28,248
Interest received		14,390	17,869
Management fee paid		(33,693)	(30,148)
Other expenses paid		(8,848)	(4,915)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,667,899	110
Payments for purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(45,447)	-
Net cash inflow from operating activities	8(b)	3,620,380	11,164
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of units		296,649	154,565
Payments for redemption of units		(480,921)	(739,634)
Distributions paid		(1,767)	(586)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	- -	(186,039)	(585,655)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		3,434,341	(574,491)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		353,156	927,647
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8(a)	3,787,497	353,156
		2024	2023
Non-cash investing and financing activities		\$	\$
Re-investment of distributions	-	10,766	3,558

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies

This financial report covers the AtlasTrend Big Data Big Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity.

The Fund is a registered investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001. The financial report of the Fund is for the year ended 30 June 2024. The Fund was constituted as a registered scheme on 28 August 2015 with Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC").

The financial report was approved by the Board of Directors of Fundhost Limited as the Responsible Entity on 18 September 2024. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

Basis of preparation

The Responsible Entity of the Atlastrend Big Data Big Fund made the decision to terminate the Fund on 19 June 2024. The effective date of termination is 17 July 2024. All unitholders' units were cancelled and amounts due to unitholders will be returned in late July 2024. This is in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

As the Fund terminated on 17 July 2024, and the final distribution in late July 2024, the going concern basis of preparation is no longer appropriate and the financial statements have been prepared on a liquidation basis. The liquidation basis means the assets have been written down to the lower of the carrying amounts and net realisable value and liabilities have been recognised to the extent there was a present obligation at the reporting date. The accounting policies set out below have been applied within this context.

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB"), Australian Accounting Interpretations, and the Corporations Act 2001.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following notes.

On the face of the Statement of Financial Position all assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and not distinguished between current and non-current. All of the Fund's assets and liabilities are held for the purpose of being traded or are expected to be realised within 12 months.

The Fund is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial report.

The Fund is an entity to which ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument class order 2016/191 applies. Accordingly, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) Use of estimates and judgements

The making of judgments, estimates and assumptions is a necessary part of the financial reporting process and these judgments, estimates or assumptions can have a significant effect on the reported amounts of the financial report. Estimates and assumptions are determined based on information available at the time of reporting the financial report and actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. Had different estimates and assumptions been adopted, this may have had a significant impact on the financial report. Significant accounting estimates, judgments and assumptions are re-evaluated at each balance date in light of historical experience and changes to reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period which estimate is revised in future period affected. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions include but are not limited to:

• Fair value measurement of investments in financial instruments

The Fund's investments are listed equities measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where available, quoted market prices for the same or similar instrument are used to determine fair value. Where there is no market price available for an instrument, a valuation technique is used. Judgment is applied in selecting valuation techniques and setting valuation assumptions and inputs. Further details on the determination of fair value of financial assets and derivative financial instruments set out in Note 1(a).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

a. Financial Instruments

(i) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date. Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(ii) Classification

In accordance with AASB 9, the Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets discussed below.

Financial Assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding;
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The equity securities are mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or loss.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if it is:

- acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Financial liabilities measured at FVPL

A financial liability is measured at FVPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Fund that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined.

The derivatives are mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or loss.

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

• Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the Statement of Financial Position date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at bid prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current asking prices. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

a. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

(iii) Measurement (cont'd)

• Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the balance date applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the balance date. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

Forward contract valuations are determined using the applicable foreign exchange rates and forward margins as at the Statement of Financial Position date.

b. Impairment of assets

AASB 9 requires the Fund to record an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all loans and other financial assets not held at fair value through profit and loss.

The Fund holds trade receivables with no significant financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply the simplified approach for expected credit losses (ECLs) under AASB 9 to all its trade receivables. Therefore the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

c. Investment income and expenses

Unrealised gains and losses on revaluation of investments to fair value, are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Realised gains and losses on sale are recognised as investment income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Gross proceeds from sale of investments are disclosed in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Dividend income is recognised on a receivable basis on the date the shares are quoted ex-dividend. Distributions from property trusts and unit trusts are recognised as income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when declared.

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

All expenses including management fees are recognised on an accrual basis in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

d. Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated at the date when the fair value is determined. The foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from these translations are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 1(a).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

e. Management fees

In accordance with the Constitution, the Fund's managers are entitled to a management fee of 1.09% per annum of the value of the Fund payable on a monthly basis for managing the assets of the Fund. There is also an expense recovery of up to 0.10% per annum of net assets.

f. Performance fees

The Fund's managers are also entitled to a performance fee when the investment performance of the Fund has exceeded the hurdle, being the performance of the MSCI World Net Total Return Index ex Australia, in Australian dollars. This is provided the "high watermark" has been exceeded. The method of calculating the fee is detailed in the Constitution and summarised in the current PDS.

The Fund has not achieved the performance hurdles during the year and hence has not accrued for performance fees.

g. Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax since the Fund elected into the AMIT tax regime and unitholders will be attributed the taxable income of the Fund.

h. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from equity and presented in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Distributions to unitholders comprise the net income of the Fund. The distributions (if any) are payable at the end of June each year. A distribution payable is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position where the distribution has been declared but remains unpaid at balance date.

i. Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 75% (55% on Responsible Entity fees) hence investment management fees, administration fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

j. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investments in money market instruments with original maturities of less than three months and net of bank overdrafts.

Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

k. Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

I. Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Fund becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services. The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the reporting date is recognised separately on the Statement of Financial Position when declared by the Fund's Constitution and remain unpaid as at year end.

m. Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent payables for securities purchased and receivables for securities sold that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days.

n. Equity

Quantitative information about the Fund's capital is provided in the Statement of Changes in Equity. The units are entitled to distributions when declared and to payment of a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value on the redemption date or upon winding up of the Fund. A reconciliation of the number of units outstanding at the beginning and the end of each reporting period is provided in Note 3.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Statement of Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

o. Exit price

The unit exit price is calculated in accordance with the Constitution of the Fund and is determined by the value of the assets of the Fund less its liabilities adjusted for estimated transaction costs, divided by the number of units on issue.

p. Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. No exit fees are charged. Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue at or immediately prior to close of business each day.

q. New standards and interpretations adopted

Since 1 July 2023, the Fund has adopted all mandatory standards and amendments of Australian Accounting Standards. Adoption of these standards and amendments did not have a material impact on the Fund's financial results or reporting.

2023

1,630

1,354

3,728

744

1,625

898

2,523

\$

2024

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 2. Expenses

The amounts paid or due and payable to the Fund's managers in accordance with the Constitution were:

Management fees			33,138	30,071
			33,138	30,071
Note 3. Equity Under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation, be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are n as equity.				
Movements in the number of units and equity during th	e year were as follows:			
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Units	Units	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July	1,460,233	1,770,024	3,019,107	3,103,511
Units issued during the year	120,673	85,445	296,649	154,565
Units redeemed during the year	(197,914)	(397,265)	(480,921)	(739,633)
Distribution reinvested	5,207	2,029	10,766	3,558
Distributions to unitholders	-	-	(1,818,891)	(12,533)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	914,335	509,639
Closing balance at 30 June	1,388,199	1,460,233	1,941,045	3,019,107
Note 4. Distributions to unitholders				
			2024	2023
			\$	\$
Distribution payable			1,818,891	12,533
			CPU	CPU
Final distribution cents per unit - June 2024			131.0253	0.8583
Note 5. Receivables				
			2024	2023
			\$	\$

Note 6. Payables

Interest receivable

Dividends and distributions receivable

Reduced input tax credits receivable

·	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	
Recoverable expenses payable	3,424	5,020	
Management fees payable	1,929	2,484	
Other Payable	24,731	-	
	30.084	7.504	

Note 7. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Listed equity securities	-	2,682,260

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 11.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 8. Cash flow information

Note 6. Cash now information	2024	2023
	\$	\$
a. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash balance comprises:		
Cash at bank	3,787,497	353,156
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,787,497	353,156
b. Reconciliation of net profitto cash flows from operating activities		
Net profit	914,335	509,639
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,667,899	110
Payments for purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(45,447)	-
Net gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(940,202)	(495,038)
Losses / (gains) from foreign exchange movements	40	(202)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Net change in payables	22,579	(2,015)
Net change in receivables	1,176	(1,330)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	3,620,380	11,164

Non-cash items relating to reinvestment of distributions paid are included in Note 3. There were no other non-cash items.

Note 9. Related Party Disclosures

a. Fundhost Limited - Fees

Fundhost Limited (ACN 092 517 087) as Responsible Entity of the AtlasTrend Big Data Big Fund provides services to the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. Transactions with the Responsible Entity have taken place at arm's length.

No amounts were paid or payable to the Responsible Entity during the year.

b. AtlasTrend Pty Ltd - Fees

AtlasTrend Pty Ltd (ABN 83 605 565 491), as Investment Manager of the AtlasTrend Big Data Big Fund, provides services to the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. Transactions with the Investment Manager have taken place at arm's length.

During the year the following amounts were paid to the Investment Manager:

	2024	2023
Management fees	33,138	30,071
The amounts due and payable at 30 June to the Investment Manager in accordance with the C	onstitution were:	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Management fees	1,929	2,484

c. Fundhost Limited - Key Management Personnel

Fundhost Limited as Responsible Entity and AtlasTrend Pty Ltd as Investment Manager are considered key management personnel. The Fund does not employ personnel in its own right.

The Directors of Fundhost Limited, the Responsible Entity, during the year were:

Valerie Anne Monge Drew Wilson Robert H Nagel Paul Ernest Dortkamp

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 9. Related Party Disclosures (cont'd)

c. Fundhost Limited - Key Management Personnel (cont'd)

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the year (2023: nil). Key management personnel are paid by Fundhost Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Fundhost Limited do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year. There were no post-employment benefits paid to a director or key personnel of the Responsible Entity.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the year and there were no material contracts involving director's interests existing at year end.

d. AtlasTrend Pty Ltd - Key Management Personnel

The Directors of AtlasTrend Pty Ltd during the year were:

Kien Khan Kwan Benn Lim (Resigned on 27 June 2024) Marcelo Silva (Appointed on 27 June 2024)

Units held in the AtlasTrend Big Data Big Fund by the Investment Manager and by Directors and their respective related parties in aggregate were:

Unitholder	Number of units held (Units)	Interest held	Number of units acquired (Units)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
2024 Jam & Jelly Foundation	75,287	5.42	355	(10,605)	98,645
2023 Jam & Jelly Foundation	85,537	5.86	131	(12,961)	734
Note 10. Auditor's remuneration				2024	2023
Amounts received or due and receivable by	EY for:			\$	2023 \$
Audit and review of the financial reports of the F	und			13,827	13,424
Compliance plan audit services				4,609	4,475
Tax services			_	6,990	4,510
			_	25,426	22,409

Auditor's remuneration for the financial years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 is fully paid by the Investment Manager.

Note 11. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's PDS and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed.

Financial risk management is carried out by the investment management team at AtlasTrend Pty Ltd. The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risks to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risks, interest rate and foreign exchange risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

Compliance with the Fund's PDS is reported to the Fundhost Limited Board on a monthly basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 11. Financial risk management (cont'd)

a. Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Investments are classified on the Statement of Financial Position as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Fund is exposed, particularly through its equity portfolio, to market risks influencing investment valuations. These market risks include changes in a company's internal operations or management, economic factors and also relate to changes in taxation policy, monetary policy, interest rates and statutory requirements.

The table in Note 11(d) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease in the market value of the share portfolio on the Fund's equity at 30 June and profit from operating activities. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the security prices increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio moved according to this.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest				Non Interest Bearing		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	%	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	3.77	2.48	3,787,497	353,156	-	-	3,787,497	353,156
Receivables			-	-	2,523	3,728	2,523	3,728
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			-	-	-	2,682,260	-	2,682,260
Total Financial Assets		_	3,787,497	353,156	2,523	2,685,988	3,790,020	3,039,144
Financial Liabilities (excluding unitholder funds):								
Payables			=	-	30,084	7,504	30,084	7,504
Distribution payable		_	-	-	1,818,891	12,533	1,818,891	12,533
Total Financial Liabilities		=	-	-	1,848,975	20,037	1,848,975	20,037
Net exposure		-	3,787,497	353,156	(1,846,452)	2,665,951	1,941,045	3,019,107

The interest rate risk for financial assets above is not material in terms of the possible impact on profit and loss or total net assets. It has therefore not been included in the sensitivity analysis.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund holds monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. These amounts are not significant nor material to the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 11. Financial risk management (cont'd)

a. Market risk (cont'd)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

The Fund invests in overseas stock exchanges, giving the Fund exposure to exchange risk. This risk is managed by strategically setting the Fund's foreign currency exposure to reflect the Investment Manager's medium to long term expectations within the mandate as set out in the PDS.

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

30 June 2024

	USD	KRW	HKD	Total
Monetary	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-
Payables	-	-	-	-
Non-monetary				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,625	-	-	1,625
30 June 2023				
	USD	KRW	HKD	Total
Monetary	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-
Receivables	1,630	-	-	1,630
Payables	-	-	-	-
Non-monetary				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,545,307	22,871	114,082	2,682,260

The table as shown in Note 11(d) shows the Fund's sensitivity to exchange rate fluctuations on its monetary assets. The analysis is based on the assumption that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by 10% against foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemption of its redeemable units on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

All financial liabilities have maturity term within a month.

The liquidity risks associated with the need to satisfy unitholders' requests for redemptions are mitigated by maintaining a constant pool of cash to satisfy usual levels of demand. Normally once Fundhost Limited decides the unitholder can withdraw their money, it takes 5 business days to process the request (although the Constitution for the Fund allows a reasonable period, which could be longer), and funds are then paid to the unitholder in accordance with instructions.

Up to 100% of the Fund's assets can be held in cash when suitable investments cannot be found or in order to manage risk. The Responsible Entity monitors liquidity on a weekly basis.

The Fund manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund monitors the level of monthly applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund. The Fund's objective is to outperform the MSCI World Net Total Return Index ex Australia, in Australian dollars over a rolling 5-year period by investing in listed securities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 11. Financial risk management (cont'd)

c. Credit risk

Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and from trading derivative products. The Fund's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counterpart, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of the financial assets. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with banks and amounts due from brokers. At 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023, all receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and cash equivalents with banks with a credit rating of A-1 or higher are either callable on demand or due to be settled within 6 months. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund. The Fund does not invest in derivative products.

The carrying amount of financial assets approximates fair value as at the reporting date.

The Fund trades only with recognised, creditworthy third parties, and as such collateral is not requested nor is it the Fund's policy to securitise its trade and other receivables.

d. Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net profit and equity to foreign exchange risk and other price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Impact on net profit Higher/(Lower)		Equity Higher/(Lower)	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Market value changes				
Share portfolio value +10%	-	268,226	-	268,226
Share portfolio value -10%	-	(268,226)	-	(268,226)
Exchange rate changes				
Exchange rate +10%	(148)	(243,990)	(148)	(243,990)
Exchange rate -10%	181	298,210	181	298,210

Note 12. Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments carried at fair value are categorised under a three level hierarchy, reflecting the availability of observable market inputs when estimating the fair value. If different levels of inputs are used to measure a financial instrument's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are:

Level 1: Valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These quoted prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2: Valued using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices), including: quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets in which there are few transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities, and other inputs that are not quoted prices but are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3: Valued in whole or in part using valuation techniques or models that are based on unobservable inputs that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Unobservable inputs are determined based on the best information available, which might include the Fund's own data, reflecting the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 12. Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments at the balance date, recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2024	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Listed equity securities	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	
30 June 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Listed equity securities	2,682,260	-	-	2,682,260
Total	2,682,260	-	-	2,682,260

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. There were no movements between level 1, 2 or 3 during the year (2023: nil).

Note 13. Commitments and contingencies

There were no commitments nor assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

Note 14. Events subsequent to balance date

Other than those items disclosed throughout this financial report, no matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operation of the entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the entity in future financial years.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Responsible Entity declare that:

- (i) The financial statements and notes are prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - b) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- (ii) In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Drew Wilson Director

Sydney

Dated this 18th day of September 2024

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