THE MONTGOMERY FUND

ARSN 159 364 155

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Directors' Report

The directors of Fundhost Limited, the Responsible Entity of The Montgomery Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial report of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020 and the auditor's report thereon.

Responsible Entity

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is: Suite 5.01, Level 5 28 O'Connell Street Sydney NSW 2000

Directors

The names of the directors of the Responsible Entity in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Valerie Anne Monge Paul Ernest Dortkamp Robert H Nagel Drew Wilson

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic. The resulting global travel restrictions, increased lockdowns in certain countries and restrictions on social gatherings are having an ongoing impact on business and economic activity both in Australia and overseas. The fair values of the Fund's assets as at 30 June 2020 reflect the conditions known as at that date. The evolving COVID-19 health situation and its impact on investment markets are being closely monitored.

The results of the operations of the Fund are disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income of these financial reports.

	Year ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Net operating (loss) / profit	(21,584)	22,295
Distributions	6,128	34,423
Distributions payable	308	24,714

Significant changes in state of affairs

No significant changes in the Fund's state of affairs during the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund during the financial year was the investment and management of securities in accordance with its investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the financial year (2019: nil).

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the financial year (2019: nil).

Events subsequent to the balance date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Fund in future years.

Likely developments

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

In light of changing trends and the overall economic outlook brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Fund's future operating results and near-and-long-term financial results could potentially be impacted.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Directors' Report (cont'd)

Likely developments (cont'd)

Likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year and the number of units in the Fund as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 3 of the financial report.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 of the financial report.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in note 10(a) of the financial report.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity as at the end of the year are disclosed in note 10(c) of the financial report.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year (2019: nil).

Environmental regulation

The Fund's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Options

No options over issued units or interests in the Fund were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options granted to the Responsible Entity.

Indemnities and insurance premiums for officers or auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid by the Fund, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Fund.

To the extent permitted by law, the Responsible Entity has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the end of the financial year.

Proceedings on behalf of the Fund

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Fund or intervene in any proceedings to which the Fund is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Fund for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Fund was not a party to any such proceedings during the financial year.

Rounding

The Fund is an entity to which ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument class order 2016/191 applies. Accordingly, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 4.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Drew Wilson

Dated this 16th day of September 2020

Drew (. W.)



Ernst & Young 200 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555 Fax: +61 2 9248 5959

ey.com/au

Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Fundhost Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of The Montgomery Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Stacey Hooper Partner

16 September 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Investment (loss) / income			
Dividend and distribution income		12,334	20,003
Interest income		727	1,799
Other income		1,099	76
Net (losses) / gains on investments in financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss		(27,491)	9,992
Net loss from foreign exchange movements		(64)	(20)
Total net investment (loss) / income	_	(13,395)	31,850
Expenses			
Management fees	2	6,833	7,802
Transaction fees		952	1,034
Withholding tax expense		360	689
Other expenses		44	30
Total expenses	_	8,189	9,555
Net operating (loss) / profit	-	(21,584)	22,295
Other comprehensive income		-	_
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	_	(21,584)	22,295

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Assets	110100	V 555	4 000
Cash and cash equivalents	9(a)	32,776	18,754
Receivables	5	6,562	8,714
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	429,322	500,304
Financial assets held at amortised cost	8	-	46,119
Total assets		468,660	573,891
Liabilities			
Payables	6	1,771	2,872
Distribution payable	4	308	24,714
Total liabilities		2,079	27,586
Net assets	_	466,581	546,305
Total equity	_	466,581	546,305

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Opening balance at 1 July		546,305	617,223
Comprehensive income for the year			
Net operating (loss) / profit		(21,584)	22,295
Other comprehensive income		-	_
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year		(21,584)	22,295
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications		61,182	60,676
Redemptions		(123,862)	(139,595)
Distributions to unitholders	4	(6,128)	(34,423)
Distributions reinvested		10,668	20,129
		(58,140)	(93,213)
Closing balance at 30 June	3	466,581	546,305

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	\$ 000	ֆ ՍՍՍ
Dividends and distributions received		13.332	19.763
Interest received		929	1,852
Management fees paid		(7,603)	(6,470)
Other expenses paid		(994)	(1,072)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	9(b)	5,664	14,073
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss		425,033	665,043
Payment for financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss		(379,982)	(593,251)
Proceeds from financial assets held at amortised cost		46,119	34,178
Net cash inflow from investing activities	_	91,170	105,970
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of units		61,229	60,877
Payments for redemption of units		(124,174)	(139,370)
Distributions paid		(19,867)	(38,912)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	<u>-</u>	(82,812)	(117,405)
Net increase in cash held		14,022	2,638
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		18,754	16,116
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9(a)	32,776	18,754

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

This financial report covers The Montgomery Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity.

The Fund is a registered investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001. The financial report of the Fund is for the year ended 30 June 2020. The Fund was constituted as a registered scheme on 20 August 2012 with Australian Securities & Investments Commission ("ASIC").

The financial report was approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity on 16 September 2020.

Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB"), Australian Accounting Interpretations, and the Corporations Act 2001.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following notes.

On the face of the Statement of Financial Position all assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and not distinguished between current and non-current. All of the Fund's assets and liabilities are held for the purpose of being traded or are expected to be realised within 12 months.

The Fund is a for-profit unit trust for the purpose of preparing the financial report.

The Fund is an entity to which ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument class order 2016/191 applies. Accordingly, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) Use of estimates and judgements

The making of judgments, estimates and assumptions is a necessary part of the financial reporting process and these judgments, estimates or assumptions can have a significant effect on the reported amounts of the financial report. Estimates and assumptions are determined based on information available at the time of reporting the financial report and actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. Had different estimates and assumptions been adopted, this may have had a significant impact on the financial report. Significant accounting estimates, judgments and assumptions are re-evaluated at each balance date in light of historical experience and changes to reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period which estimate is revised in future period affected. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions include but are not limited to:

• Fair value measurement of investments in financial instruments

The majority of the Fund's investments are listed equities measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where available, quoted market prices for the same or similar instrument are used to determine fair value. Where there is no market price available for an instrument, a valuation technique is used. Judgment is applied in selecting valuation techniques and setting valuation assumptions and inputs. Further details on the determination of fair value of financial assets and derivative financial instruments set out in note 1(a).

a. Financial Instruments

(i) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date. Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

a. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

(ii) Classification

In accordance with AASB 9, the Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets discussed below.

Financial Assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding;
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The equity securities are mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or loss.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if it is:

- acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Fund includes in this category short-term non-financing receivables.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at FVPL

A financial liability is measured at FVPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Fund that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined.

The derivatives are mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund includes in this category short-term payables.

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

• Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the Statement of Financial Position date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at last sale prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current asking prices. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

a. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

(iii) Measurement (cont'd)

• Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the balance date applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the balance date. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

• Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Debt instruments, other than those classified as at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost. These include term deposits. Financial assets measured at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value inclusive of any transaction costs, and are subsequently remeasured to amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment.

b. Impairment of assets

AASB 9 requires the Fund to record an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all loans and other financial assets not held at fair value through profit and loss.

The Fund holds trade receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply the simplified approach for expected credit losses (ECL) under AASB 9 to all its trade receivables. Therefore the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

c. Investment income and expenses

Unrealised gains and losses on revaluation of investments to fair value, are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Realised gains and losses on sale are recognised as investment income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Gross proceeds from sale of investments are disclosed in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Dividend income is recognised on a receivable basis on the date the shares are quoted ex-dividend. Distributions from property trusts and unit trusts are recognised as income in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when declared.

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in note 1(a).

All expenses including management fees are recognised on an accrual basis in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

d. Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the reporting date. The foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from these translations are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

e. Management fees

In accordance with the Constitution, the Fund's managers are entitled to a management fee of 1.33% per annum of the value of the Fund payable on a monthly basis for managing the assets of the Fund. There is also an expense recovery of up to 0.01% per annum of net assets.

f. Performance fees

The Fund's managers are also entitled to a performance fee when the investment performance of the Fund has exceeded the hurdle, being the performance of the S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index. This is provided the "high watermark" has been exceeded. The method of calculating the fee is detailed in the Constitution and summarised in the current PDS.

The Fund has not achieved the performance hurdles during the period and hence has not accrued for performance fees.

a. Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax since the Fund elected into the AMIT tax regime and unitholders will be attributed the income of the Fund.

h. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from equity.

Distributions to unitholders comprise the net income of the Fund. The distributions (if any) are payable or attributable semi-annually at the end of December and June each year.

i. Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 75% (55% on Responsible Entity fees) hence investment management fees, administration fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

j. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investments in money market instruments with original maturities of less than three months and net of bank overdrafts.

k. Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

I. Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Fund becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services. The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the reporting date is recognised separately on the Statement of Financial Position when declared by the Fund and remain unpaid as at year end.

m. Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent payables for securities purchased and receivables for securities sold that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days.

n. Equity

Quantitative information about the Fund's capital is provided in the Statement of Changes in Equity. The units are entitled to distributions when declared and to payment of a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value on the redemption date or upon winding up of the Fund. A reconciliation of the number of units outstanding at the beginning and the end of each reporting period is provided in note 3.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

o. Exit price

The unit exit price is calculated in accordance with the Constitution of the Fund and is determined by the value of the assets of the Fund less its liabilities adjusted for estimated transaction costs, divided by the number of units on issue.

p. Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. No exit fees are charged. Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue at or immediately prior to close of business each day.

q. New standards and interpretations adopted

The Fund applied for the first time certain accounting standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2019 and therefore applies to the Fund from 1 July 2019. The Fund has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Although these new standards and amendments were applied for the first time for the year ended 30 June 2020, they did not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The nature of each new standard or amendment applicable to the Fund is described below:

AASB Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of AASB 112 Income Taxes ("AASB 112") and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of AASB 112, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments.

The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately;
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities;
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates; and
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances.

A Fund has to determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty should be followed. The interpretation is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, but certain transition reliefs are available.

The Fund is not subject to income tax. The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded net of withholding taxes in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

r. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Australian Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective

There are no new Australian accounting standards or amendments issued but not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 2. Expenses

The amounts paid or due and payable to the Fund's managers in accordance with the Constitution were:

			2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Management fees			6,833	7,802
Management rees			6,833	7,802
			0,033	7,002
Note 3. Equity				
	2020	2019	2020	2019*
	Units '000	Units '000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at 1 July	395,502	438,305	546,305	617,223
Units issued during the year	45,177	43,687	61,182	60,676
Units redeemed during the year	(89,119)	(101,001)	(123,862)	(139,595)
Distribution reinvested	7,663	14,511	10,668	20,129
Distributions to unitholders	-	-	(6,128)	(34,423)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	-	-	(21,584)	22,295
Closing balance at 30 June	359,223	395,502	466,581	546,305
Note 4. Distributions to unitholders			2020	2040
				2019
Distributions poid			\$'000 5,820	\$'000 9,709
Distributions paid Distribution payable			308	24,714
Distribution payable				•
			CPU	CPU
Interim distribution cents per unit			1.5974	2.3155
Final distribution cents per unit			0.0857	6.2488
Note 5. Receivables				
			2020	2019
			\$'000	\$'000
Reduced input tax credits receivable			127	147
Dividends and distributions receivable			968	1,227
Accrued interest - term deposits & cash at bank			-	202
Amounts due from brokers			5,327	6,951
Applications to be processed			140	187
			6,562	8,714
Note 6. Payables				
-			2020	2019
			\$'000	\$'000
Management fees payable			550	625
Recoverable expenses payable			36	35
Amounts due to brokers			998	1,712
Redemptions payable			187	500
			1,771	2,872
Note 7. Financial assets held at fair value through profit or I	oss			
			2020	2019
			\$'000	\$'000
Listed equity securities			429,322	500,304
			429,322	500,304

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 12.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 8. Financial assets held at amortised cost

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Term deposits		46,119
	-	46,119

2020

2020

2019

2040

The term deposits' maturity dates are within 6 months. An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets held at amortised cost is included in note 12.

Note 9. Cash flow information

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
a. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash balance comprises:		
Cash at bank	32,776	18,754
Total cash and cash equivalents	32,776	18,754
b. Reconciliation of net operating income to cash flows from operating activities		
Net operating (loss) / profit	(21,584)	22,295
Net losses / (gains) on investments in financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	27,491	(9,992)
Loss from foreign exchange movements	64	20
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in receivables	481	446
(Decrease) / increase in payables	(788)	1,304
Net cash inflow from operating activities	5,664	14,073

Non-cash items relating to reinvestment of distributions paid are included in note 3. There were no other non-cash items.

Note 10. Related Party Disclosures

a. Fundhost Limited - fees

Fundhost Limited (ACN 092 517 087) as Responsible Entity of The Montgomery Fund provides services to the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. Transactions with the Responsible Entity have taken place on normal commercial terms and conditions.

During the year the following amounts were paid to the Responsible Entity:

g ,,	2020 \$	2019 \$
Management fees	794,406	906,388
The amounts due and payable at 30 June to the Responsible Entity in accordance with the Const	itution were:	
	2020 \$	2019 \$
Management fees	64,019	72,639

b. Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited - fees

Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited (ABN 73 139 161 701), as Investment Manager of The Montgomery Fund, provides services to the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. Transactions with the Investment Manager have taken place on normal commercial terms and conditions.

During the year the following amounts were paid to the Investment Manager:

	\$	\$
Management fees	6,038,883	6,895,548
The amounts due and payable at 30 June to the Investment Manager in accordance with the Con	stitution were:	
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Management fees	486,285	552,578

No performance fee was paid or payable to the Investment Manager in the financial year (2019: nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 10. Related Party Disclosures (cont'd)

c. Fundhost Limited - Key Management Personnel

Fundhost Limited as Responsible Entity and Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited as Investment Manager are considered key management personnel. The Fund does not employ personnel in its own right.

The Directors of Fundhost Limited, the Responsible Entity, during the year were:

Valerie Anne Monge Paul Ernest Dortkamp Robert H Nagel Drew Wilson

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the year (2019: nil).

Units held in the The Montgomery Fund by the Responsible Entity and by Directors and their respective related parties in aggregate were:

Unitholder	Number of units held	Interest held	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund
2020	(Units)	(%)	(Units)	(Units)	(\$)
2020 Fundhost Limited	82	0.00	4	-	1.37
2019 Fundhost Limited	78	0.00) 7	-	6.67

Key management personnel are paid by Fundhost Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Fundhost Limited do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year (2019: nil).

There were no post-employment benefits paid to a director or key management personnel of the Responsible Entity (2019: nil).

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the year and there were no material contracts involving director's interests existing at year end.

d. Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited - Key Management Personnel

The Directors of Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited during the year were:

Roger Montgomery David Buckland Timothy Kelley

Units held in The Montgomery Fund by Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited, its Directors and their respective related parties in aggregate were:

Unitholder	Number of units held	Interest held	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund
	(Units)	(%)	(Units)	(Units)	(\$)
2020					
Montgomery Investment Management Pty Ltd	37,824	0.01	2,034	-	630
Timothy Kelley	119,808	0.03	-	(200,000)	5,211
2019					
Montgomery Investment Management Pty Ltd	35,790	0.01	3,232	-	3,050
Timothy Kelley	319,808	0.08	-	-	27,389

2020

2010

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 11. Auditor's remuneration

	2020	2019
Amounts received or due and receivable by EY for:	\$	\$
Audit and review of the financial reports of the Fund	18,300	17,700
Tax services	4,050	3,950
Compliance plan audit	4,200	4,000
	26,550	25,650

Note 12. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's PDS and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the investment management team at Montgomery Investment Management Pty Limited.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risks to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risks.

Compliance with the Fund's PDS is reported to the Fundhost Limited Board on a monthly basis.

a. Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Investments are classified on the Statement of Financial Position as financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Investment Manager mitigates this price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the PDS.

The Fund is exposed, particularly through its equity portfolio, to market risks influencing investment valuations. These market risks include changes in a company's internal operations or management, economic factors and also relate to changes in taxation policy, monetary policy, interest rates and statutory requirements.

The table below summarises the impact of an increase/decrease in the market value of the share portfolio on the Fund's equity at 30 June and profit from operating activities. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the security prices increased/ decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant and that the fair value of the Fund's portfolio moved according to this.

	Impact on operating profit Higher/(Lower)		Equity Higher/(Lower)	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Market value changes				
Share portfolio value +10%	42,932	50,030	42,932	50,030
Share portfolio value -10%	(42,932)	(50,030)	(42,932)	(50,030)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 12. Financial risk management (cont'd)

a. Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets, is as follows:

			Impact on operating profit Higher/(Lower)			Equity Higher/(Lower)		
			_	2020	2019		2020	2019
			\$	'000	\$'000	\$	3'000	\$'000
Interest rate increase +1%				328	964		328	964
Interest rate decrease -1%			(;	328)	(964)	(328)	(964)
	Weighted Average Floating Effective Interest Interest Rate		Non Interest Bearing		Total			
	2020 %	2019 %	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Financial Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	0.23	0.98	32,776	18,754	-	-	32,776	18,754
Receivables	-	-	-	-	6,562	8,714	6,562	8,714
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	429,322	500,304	429,322	500,304
Financial assets held at amortised cost	-	2.52	-	46,119	-	-	-	46,119
Total Financial Assets		_	32,776	64,873	435,884	509,018	468,660	573,891
Financial Liabilities (excluding unitholder funds):								
Payables	-	-	-	-	1,771	2,872	1,771	2,872
Distribution payable	-	-	-	-	308	24,714	308	24,714
Total Financial Liabilities		_	-	-	2,079	27,586	2,079	27,586
Net exposure		-	32,776	64,873	433,805	481,432	466,581	546,305

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund holds monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The Fund invests in Australian and New Zealand stock exchanges, giving the Fund exposure to exchange risk. This risk is managed by strategically setting the Fund's foreign currency exposure to reflect the Investment Manager's medium to long term expectations within the mandate as set out in the PDS.

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

30 June 2020

Monetary Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Payables	NZD \$'000 9 - -	Total \$'000 9 -
Non-monetary Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	5,944	5,944
30 June 2019 Monetary Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Payables	NZD \$'000 10	Total \$'000 10 -
Non-monetary Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	13,213	13,213

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 12. Financial risk management (cont'd) a. Market risk (cont'd)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

	Impact on operating profit Higher/(Lower)		Equity Higher/(Lower)	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Exchange rate changes	,	*	,	*
Exchange rate +10%	(541)	(1,202)	(541)	(1,202)
Exchange rate -10%	661	1,469	661	1,469

b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemption of its redeemable units on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

All financial liabilities have maturity terms within a month.

The liquidity risks associated with the need to satisfy unitholders' requests for redemptions are mitigated by maintaining a constant pool of cash to satisfy usual levels of demand. The Fund's policy is to hold 0% to 30% of net assets in cash (2019: 0% to 30% of net assets in cash).

Normally once Fundhost Limited decides the unitholder can withdraw their money, it takes 5 business days to process the request (although the Constitution for the Fund allows a reasonable period, which could be longer), and funds are then paid to the unitholder in accordance with instructions.

The Fund manages its net assets as capital. The amount of net assets can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund. During the year, the Fund's strategy was to hold at least 80% of the net assets in liquid investments. Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and listed equities.

The Fund invests mostly in Australian and New Zealand listed companies, term deposits and some cash.

c. Credit risk

Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and from trading derivative products. The Fund's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counterpart, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of the financial assets. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with banks and amounts due from brokers. At 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, all receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with banks with a credit rating of A-1 or higher are either callable on demand or due to be settled within 6 months. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund. The Fund does not invest in derivative products.

The carrying amount of financial assets approximates fair value as at the reporting date.

The Fund trades only with recognised, creditworthy third parties, and as such collateral is not requested nor is it the Fund's policy to securitise its trade and other receivables.

Note 13. Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments carried at fair value are categorised under a three level hierarchy, reflecting the availability of observable market inputs when estimating the fair value. If different levels of inputs are used to measure a financial instrument's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are:

Level 1: Valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These quoted prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note 13. Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

Level 2: Valued using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices), including: quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets in which there are few transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities, and other inputs that are not quoted prices but are observable for the asset or liability. The prices for the Fund are based on redemption unit prices quoted by the investment or trustee.

Level 3: Valued in whole or in part using valuation techniques or models that are based on unobservable inputs that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Unobservable inputs are determined based on the best information available, which might include the Fund's own data, reflecting the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Due to the short-term nature of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost, the carrying amount of those instruments approximates their fair value.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments held at the balance date, recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Listed equity securities	429,322	-	-	429,322
Total	429,322	-	-	429,322
30 June 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Listed equity securities	500,304	-	-	500,304
Total	500,304	-	-	500,304

There were no movements between level 1, 2 or 3 during 2020 (2019: nil).

Note 14. Commitments and contingencies

There were no commitments nor contingent assets and liabilities at 30 June 2020 (2019: nil).

Note 15. Events subsequent to balance date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operation of the entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the entity in future financial years.

Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity of The Montgomery Fund (the "Fund"), I state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) The financial statements and notes are prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the year ended on that date;
- (b) the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1;
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Board

Drew Wilson Director

Sydney

Dated this 16th day of September 2020



Ernst & Young 200 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555 Fax: +61 2 9248 5959

ey.com/au

Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of The Montgomery Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The Montgomery Fund (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of The Montgomery Fund is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of The Montgomery Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of Fundhost Limited as the Responsible Entity of the Fund (the "Responsible Entity") are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Responsible Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ► Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Stacey Hooper

Partner Sydney

16 September 2020